# Site Neutral Payment Reforms and Appropriate Billing

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# **Trends in Research** | Provider Consolidation and Costs in Hospital Settings Drive Spending Increases

- At the start of 2021, nearly 70% of U.S. physicians were employed by hospitals or other corporate entities, which represents a 12% increase in just two years.<sup>2</sup>
- Care designated as being delivered in a hospital setting costs up to 300% more than care delivered in an office-based setting.<sup>3</sup>
- A study that examined data from 2007-2013 found that prices increased 14% on average after acquisition by a hospital. Half of that increase is due to misuse of payment rules.<sup>4</sup>

<sup>2.</sup> Revised-6-8-21\_PAI-Physician-Employment-Study-2021-FINAL.pdf (physiciansadvocacyinstitute.org)

<sup>3.</sup> Study quantifies cost differential between physician offices and hospital outpatient care | Fierce Healthcare

<sup>4.</sup> The effect of hospital acquisitions of physician practices on prices and spending - PubMed (nih.gov)

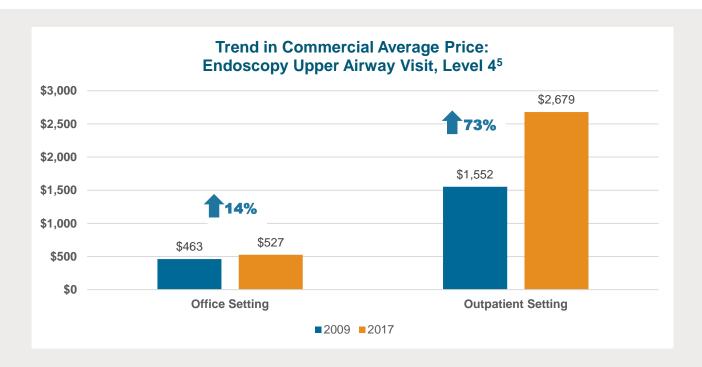


### **Hospital Outpatient Department Prices Are Growing Faster than Other Sites of Care**





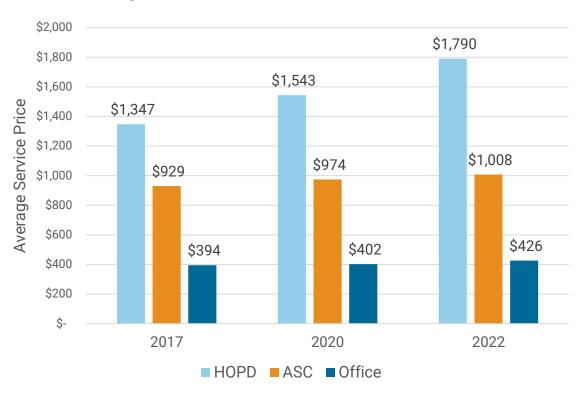
#### **Example** | Average Price for an Endoscopy Visit



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5.</sup> https://healthcostinstitute.org/in-the-news/shifting-care-office-to-outpatient

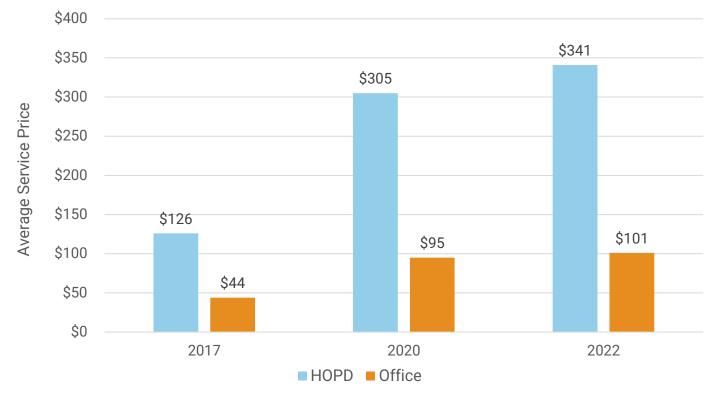


# **Average Price by Site of Care: Corticosteroid Injection for Back Pain**





#### **Average Price by Site of Care: Chest X-Ray**





#### Why is HOPD Care So Much More Expensive?

- Over the past decade, costs for outpatient care have increased substantially, fueled in part by the growing trend in hospitals acquiring physician practices.
- When this occurs, some of these practices begin charging hospital reimbursement rates, even though the service and care setting have not changed.
- For consumers, this artificially raises health care costs through increased cost-sharing and higher premiums.



# **Hospital Higher Billing Rates Means Higher Costs for Patients**

- Hospital-acquired physician offices use the hospital national provider identifier (NPI) and hospital claims forms
- When this occurs, some of these practices charge hospital reimbursement rates, even though the service and care setting have not changed.
- For consumers, this artificially raises health care costs through increased costsharing and higher premiums.



# **Solutions to Ensure "Site Neutral" Payment Policies and Lower Healthcare Costs**

States can play a crucial role in addressing inappropriate billing practices across the country by enacting policies that differentiate between hospital and non-hospital settings.

#### We encourage states to:

- Require off-campus hospital sites to obtain and use a different national provider identifier (NPI) than the main campus, which is currently allowed but not required by CMS.
- Require hospitals to use the correct forms\*, which include a "place of service code", when billing for their off-campus outpatient sites.

<sup>\*</sup> CMS 1500 claim form and the HIPPA X12 837P professional forms



### Thank you